

**TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY**  
**Faculty of Management, Office of the Dean**  
**BIM 2<sup>nd</sup> Semester Examination 2001**  
**Subjective Question / SOC 201: Sociology**

**Full Marks: 50**  
**Time : 2 hours 40**

**Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable.**  
**Attempt all questions.**

**[ 5\*10 ]**

1. Define Sociology. Write the scope of Sociology in brief.
2. Assimilation is asocial process. Explain it is the Nepalese context.
3. Illustrate the role of media in the social change.

OR.

What is a caste system. Write the differences between caste and class.  
What is a family? Write the type and functions of family in detail.

4. Write short notes on
  - a) Society
  - b) Norms Or Ethnicity

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**Full Marks:10 [0.5\*20]**  
**Time: 20 Minute**

**Tick mark (✓) the best answer choice. Please submit this answer sheet to the Invigilator**

1. August Comte coined Sociology in:
  - a. 1939
  - b. 1739
  - c. 1839
  - d. 1849
2. People who are related to a person by blood are his/her
  - a. Affinal Kinship
  - b. Consanguinal Kinship
  - c. Fictive Kinship
  - d. Joking Kinship
3. Tharu Sostiety is
  - a. Matrilocal
  - b. Patrilocal
  - c. Avunculocal
  - d. Neolocal
4. My Uncle's wife is my:
  - a. Primary Kin
  - b. Secondary Kin
  - c. Tertiary Kin
  - d. Fictive Kin
5. Caste system was codified into Muluki Ain in :
  - a. 1856
  - b. 1852
  - c. 1854
  - d. 1853
6. The process of borrowing of culture traits from dominant culture in contact is:
  - a. Assimilation

- b. Acculturation
  - c. Accomodation
  - d. Enculturation
7. The concept of “Sanskritization” was developed by:
- a. G.S. Ghurey
  - b. S.C. Dube
  - c. M.N. Srinivas
  - d. Andre B'teille
8. Couvade is practice in which ethnic group:
- a. Hopi
  - b. Khasis
  - c. Thakali
  - d. Apache
9. Which of the Characteristic not common for Totalitarian
- a. Power is centralized
  - b. Government known for simplicity
  - c. Max Weber
  - d. Brownislow Malinowski
10. Theory of Animism is work done by
- a. Emile Durkhiem
  - b. Edward B. Taylor
  - c. Max Weber
  - d. Brownislow Malinowski
11. When a Brahmin man marries a lower caste woman, then such type of marriage is calle
- a. Hypogamy
  - b. Hypergamy
  - c. Exogamy
  - d. Ebdogamy
12. Karl Marx wrote the famous book
- a. Communist
  - b. Das Capital
  - c. People's Movement
  - d. Capitalism
13. The standards of group behaviour is
- a. Norms
  - b. Custom
  - c. Law
  - d. Mores
14. In Nepal the population below the poverty line according to world bank is about
- a. 48
  - b. 50
  - c. 52
  - d. 54
15. The theory of ‘Oedipurs Complex’ was formed by:
- a. Tylor
  - b. Durkhiem
  - c. Marx
  - d. Freud
16. Family is an :
- a. Institution
  - b. Group
  - c. Association
  - d. Community
17. Gender status is
- a. Achieved status

- b. Ascribed status
  - c. Biological status
  - d. None of the above
18. Fraternal polyandry is:
- a. Marriage of a man to two or more women who are not sisters
  - b. Marriage of a woman to two or more men who are not brothers
  - c. Marriage of a man to two or more women who are sisters
  - d. Marriage of a women to two or more men who are brothers
19. Who among the following supported the functional theory of religion:
- a. Edward B. Tylor
  - b. Emile Durkhiem
  - c. Herbert Spencer
  - d. Levis Strauss
20. The mysterious power attributed to the inanimate object is called:
- a. Ghost
  - b. Totem
  - c. Mana
  - d. Black magic

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